









Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Product Identifier **Isomerized Kettle Extract**

IKE 1.2 Synonyms

> Pre-isomerized CO₂ Extract Isomerized Resin Extract (IRE)

1.3 Relevant Uses Food processing aid

1.4 Supplier BarthHaas / BarthHaas UK Ltd.

1.5 Emergency Contact

Details

BarthHaas / John I. Haas, Inc.

1600 River Rd., Yakima, WA 98902, USA.

Emergency phone: +1 509 469 4000 (office hours)

Email: info@johnihaas.com

Hopfenveredlung St. Johann GmbH Address: Mainburger Str. 15, 93358 Train

Emergency phone: +49 9444 878 -0(office hours)

Email: contact@nateco2.de







2. HAZARD INDENTIFCATION

2.1 Classification

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:

- Skin Irritation Category 2
- Eye Irritation Category 2
- Skin Sensitisation Category 1

2.2 Label Elements

According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Hazard Pictogram



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statemenet

H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statement

P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Other Hazards

None

3. COMPONENTS/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

The product is a mixture of isomerized hop (Humulus lupulus L.) bitter acids (viz. iso-alpha acids or isohumulones), hop resins and essential oils. The isomerized bitter acid content varies according to the original hop variety extracted, but typically the range will be 40-60% iso-alpha acids The CAS no. for iso-alpha-acid/isohumulone is 25522-96-7 and the EINECS no. is 247-072-1).







4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Methods:

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eye Contact

Oral Ingestion

Move to fresh air

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

Flood the eye with plenty of water. If any symptoms persist obtain medical

Rinse mouth out with water and drink a portion of water (ca. 200ml).

Vomiting may occur but should not be induced. Obtain medical attention if

symptoms persist.

4.2 Most important symptoms and Effects Skin and eye irritation

4.3 Indications of **Immediate Medical** Action as indicated in Section 4.1 above

5 FIRE AID MEASURES

Carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam. 5.1 Extinguishing Media

5.2 Special Hazards **Arising from Substance** Contains small amounts of hop oil. Hop oil is combustible and may give rise to

hazardous fumes in a fire.

5.3 Advice for Firefighters Fire fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus.

6. ACCDIENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Protection Wear appropriate protective clothing - see Section 8.

6.2 Environmental

Precautions

Avoid sub-soil penetration. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses.

6.3 Methods for Cleaning

Up

Contain spillage using earth, sand or other inert material.

Transfer to suitable sealed container prior to disposal. Flush area with hot soapy water to remove final traces. Use adequate ventilation or a respirator if in a confined

area.







7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe

Handling

Avoid excessive contact with product. Use appropriate protective clothing as

indicated in Section 8. Wash hands after use.

7.2 Conditions for Safe

Storage

Store at 10 °C (50° Fahrenheit). Keep container closed when not in use.

Use opened containers as soon as possible. Suitable storage is in glass, high density

polyethylene, and high phenolic lacquered mild steel.

7.3 Specific End Uses The substance is manufactured for use as a food ingredient and for such uses is not

subject to registration via REACH (Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006). It should be

used in accordance with applicable food legislation.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Not applicable.

8.2 Exposure Controls:

Engineering Controls

Eye/Face **Protection**

Hand Protection

Skin Protection

Respiratory **Protection**

Provide adequate ventilation

Chemical goggles must be worn during handling

PVC, rubber, latex or nitrile gloves

If danger of splashing wear PVC or rubber apron

Not normally required



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Physical state Viscous liquid

b) Color Yellow/orange to brown/green

c) Odor Characteristic, resinous aroma

d) Melting point/Freezing Not practical to measure

point

e) Boiling point > 100 °C

f) Flammability Not practical to measure

g) Lower and upperNot practical to measure **explosion limit**

h) Flash point > 60 °C

i) Auto-ignition Not practical to measure temperature

j) **Decomposition** Not practical to measure **temperature**

k) pH Not practical to measure

l) Kinematic viscosity Not practical to measure

m) Solubility Insoluble, Forms an emulsion

n) Partition coefficient n- Not practical to measureoctanol/water (log value)

o) Vapor pressure Not practical to measure



p) Density [kg/m³] 850 – 1000

q) Relative vapor density Not practical to measure

r) Particle characteristics Not practical to measure

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No reactivity hazards known.

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable if stored according to Section 7.2 and 10.5

10.3 Possibility of

Hazardous Reaction

None known

None known

10.4 Conditions to Avoid Keep container closed when not in use

10.5 Incompatible

Materials

Unlined steel - Aluminum

10.6 Hazardous

ete

Decomposition Products



11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available. Read-across from the starting material Hop extract (CAS 8060-28-4 EINECS N_0 . 232-504-3) is appropriate since IKE is Hop extract with α -acids isomerised to iso- α -acids. Toxicological assessment of Hop extract indicates that the toxicity of α acids and iso- α -acids are similar. The data below is for Hop extract: Long history of safe use as a beer ingredient.

11.1 Acute Toxicity Typical hop extracts are not classified as hazardous. Estimated ATE values (oral,

dermal) are >2000 mg/kg bw.

Beta-acid enriched hop extracts containing 30 – 70% β -acids could potentially have an ATE value of 1,000 – 2,300 mg per kg bw. This would place certain extracts (>35% β -acids) under Category 4 for Acute Toxicity according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

11.2 Skin Skin Irritation Category 2.

Corrosion/Irritation

11.3 Serious Eye Eye Irritation Category 2.

Damage/Irritation

11.4 Respiratory or Skin

Sensitization

Skin Irritation Category 1.

11.5 Germ Cell OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) not mutagenic. Bacterial

Mutagenicity reverse Mutations Assay on 40% beta-acids: not mutagenic

11.6 Carcinogenicity Long history of safe use as a component of beer. Bacterial reverse mutation assay:

not

Mutagenic

11.7 Reproductive Toxicity Weight of evidence indicates lack of reproductive toxicity. Long history of safe use as

a component of beer. Hop extracts are generally recognised as safe (GRAS) in

accordance with US FDA regulation 21 CFR 182.20.

11.8 STOT- Single Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use.

Exposure See (11.7) above.

11.9 STOT-Repeated Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use.

Exposure See (11.7) above.

11.10 Aspiration Hazard Not an aspiration hazard.







12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

No data available. Read-across from the starting material Hop extract (CAS 8060-284 EINECS N₀. 232-504-3) is appropriate since IKE is Hop extract with α -acids isomerised to iso α -acids.

Ecotoxicological assessment of Hop extract and of the potassium salts of iso- α -acids did not conclude that either of these substances should be classified as hazardous to the environment.

The data below is for Hop extract: Toxicity to fish: Carassius auratus (goldfish) -Etude pharmacologique de l'action du lupulin et de la fleur d'organer sur le poisson. Pharmaceutica acta Helvetiae (1953) 28(7-8), pp.183-206: lowest dose causing adverse effects estimated by calculation as *ca.* 80 mg/l.

Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - >5.8 mg/l - 48 h.

NOEC - Daphnia magna - ca. 2.2 mg/l - 48 h.

Toxicity to freshwater algae: EC50 - 42.7 mg/l - 48 h. NOEC - 12.5 mg/l - 72 h.

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Ultimate biodegradation (natural product).

12.3 Bioaccumulative **Potential**

Natural product, not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Log K_{oc} 1.7 – <4.5 (modelling by EPISuite_{TM}) Other information: low hazardous to water

Water contaminant class 1 (self assessment) according to VwVwS from May 17th 1999 appendix 3. Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses.

12.5 Results of PBT

Exposure:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects

Exposure

No data available



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Product Disposal Dispose in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

13.2 Container Disposal Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned.

Contaminated containers should not be treated as household waste. Containers should be cleaned using appropriate methods and then re-used or disposed of by

landfill or incineration as appropriate.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN-Number Non-hazardous for transport

14.2 Shipping Name N/A

14.3 Transport Hazard

Class

Non-hazardous for transport

14.4 Packing Group Non-hazardous for transport

14.5 Marine Pollutant No data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health, and

For food use

Environmental

Regulations

Germany: Water contaminant class 1 (self assessment) according to VwVwS from

May 17th 1999 appendix 3. Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessments

N/A – for food use.







16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information in this safety data sheet is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on our present knowledge and should be used only as a supplement to information already in your possession concerning this product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. The determination of whether and under what condition the product should be used is yours to make. We do not accept any liability for loss, injury or damage that may result from its use.

- (a) Key literature references and sources for data:
- REACH registration dossier for EC 232-504-3 and for EC 305-203-0